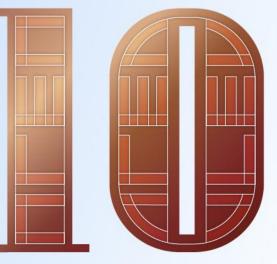
Information Technology Services The University of Hong Kong





CWLCs 10th Anniversary Ceremony & Hybrid Teaching and Learning Conference Information Technology Services The University of Hong Kong



CWLCs 10th Anniversary Ceremony Hybrid Teaching and Learning Conference

Professor CHENG Kai-ming Emeritus Professor Faculty of Education

Learning Commons 2023.5.30

The **Learning discourse**

Kai-ming CHENG Professor Emeritus University of Hong Kong Learning Commons 10th Anniversary 2023.5.30 Congratulations Learning Commons for its significant presence on campus in the past 10 Years.

This has been the First Place I take visitors on any Campus Grand Tour ... my Learning Experience

Two Observations

Observation 1:

mate Aim of Edu Macro: 政育的最終中か日** **救育的最終目的是為了**學生的未來 Means idual Is Students' Learning Micro: Mi re Business of Education 教育的核心業務是 學生的學習!

Observation 2:

Learning is a human instinct, Education is not! 學習是人的天性,教育卻不是

Education is system of learning designed by human beings for human beings. 教育是人類為人類設計的學習系統 The notion of Education bears with it the economic, social, political, cultural and spiritual underpinning of the time! 教育因此帶有時代的烙印 經濟、政治、社會、文化、信仰

> Which means the notion could be obsolete! Education could be obsolete! 也就是說:教育是可以過時的!

Fortunately or Unfortunately We are at this Juncture of History! Schools as a System emerged only in the mid-19th Century at the Peak of the Industrial Era British Elementary Education Act 1870



Typically ...

1870

British businessmen advocated this is the only way to keep the British Empire strong!

a School System!

However,

The whole-society system is not an expansion of the Public Schools. 全民的學校體系, 並未全民培養精英 It's for screening human beings for classifications, horizontal and vertical according to manpower needs 而是根據社會的勞動力需求,把人分等分類

It's a process Turning Human Beings into Human Resources

In a way, it is Torturing students until they confess to the labour market! It's an Economic Discourse

Schooling as a Factory Production Line

Charlie Chaplin Modern Times 1936

Schooling is a Ladder

Designated Goal: credentials, scores, admissions, ... Well-defined steps: grades, exams, ... **One : Ladder for Everyone Common expectations: passing exams** Common content: the curriculum Common process: teaching Common pace: age-wise grades

Promised bright future

Credentials

marks, scores, grades, certificates, diplomas, ... as the sole target goal for schooling!

It's a ticket,

Controlling entry to society!

It's a brain-washer,

Self-values are hijacked by scores.

The Ladder

was compatible with the career ladder!

It used to be...

- One Goal 一個目標 One Hope 一個希望 One Path 一條直路 Clear Steps 步步高升
- No Choice 不作他想 Limiting! 別無他念 Lifelong 渡此餘生



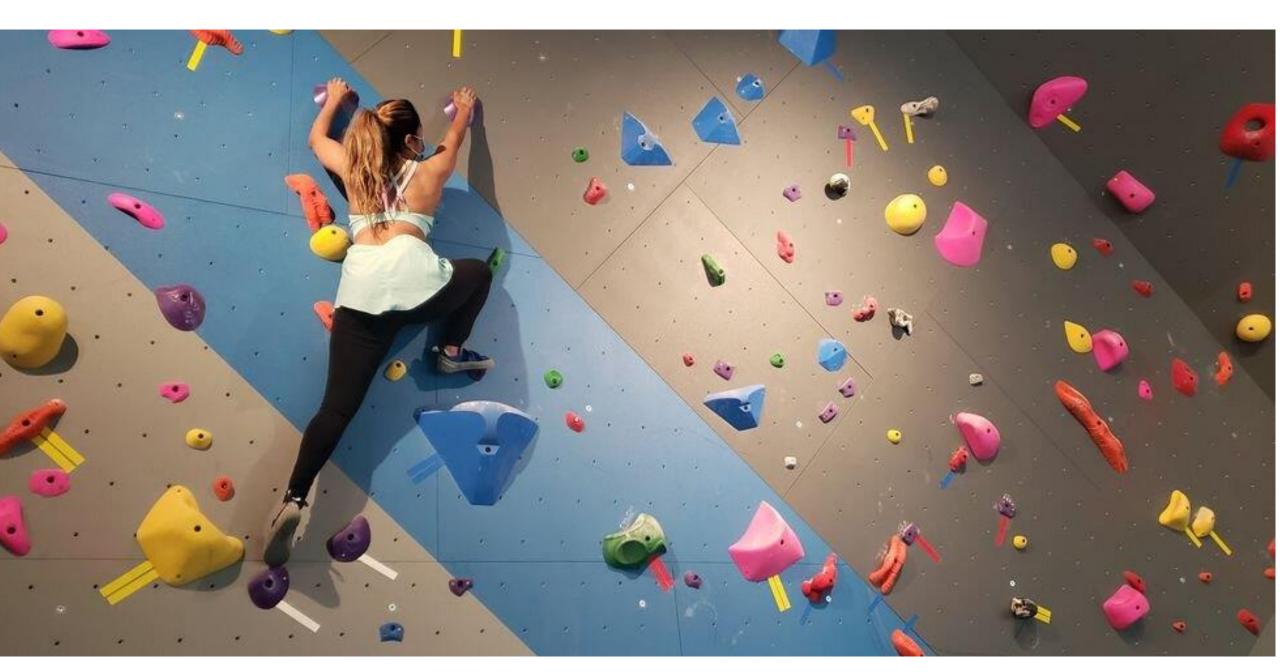
Society has changed!



Now, 21st Century

Work-Study Mismatch Frequent change of Jobs Frequent change of Careers Short Commitments Slashers/Free-lancers YouTubers Start-ups/Self-Employed Home-Bound

New Normal!



To prepare students for their future ...

Credentials

have to be replaced by

Learning!

... mission of the time!.

But what is learning? Learning = Teaching? Learning = Following the Curriculum? Learning = Success in Examinations?

Learning = Absorbing Knowledge? Learning = Literacy & Numeracy?

Therefore Science of Learning



How People Learn

Brain,

Mind,

Experience,

and

School

ATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

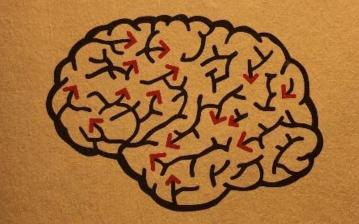
Science of Learning – The Fundamental 學習科學 – 最根本的原理

Human brains are plastic.

Human activities shape human brains.

人腦是可塑的, 是人的活動在塑造人腦 NORMAN DOIDGE

The Brain that Changes Itself



Stories of Personal Triumph from the Frontiers of Brain Science

'The power of positive thinking finally gains scientific credibility. Miracle-making stuff' THE NEW YORK TIMES

'Doldge has identified a tidal shift in basic science and a potential one in medicine. The implications are monumental' PENNY WARK, THE TIMES 值得一看

Learning is meaning-making Learning is knowledge construction.

學習是人對於外界事物賦予意義的過程 人類在與外界交往的過程中,對事物形成概念,也就是產生知識

Therefore,

Knowledge is not *poured* into the brain. Knowledge is created by individual brains. 知識不是從外界輸入人腦的 學習是在個別的人腦中發生的

Students have to be active learners.

學生應成為主動的學習者

Students should be given Choice and Space

給予選擇,留出空間(留白)

Respect individual differences. Allow diverse learning paths. Create room for creativity. 尊重個別差異, 允許多元途徑, 開闢創意空間

Understanding and application happens at the same time

理解與實踐是同時發生的 实践中的學習是最有效的

Learning by doing! Learning by using! Learning in context!

在使用	1中學習
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Learning is Social Cognition

學習是群體的認知活動

Therefore,

Discussions, Interactions, Collaborative Learning

討論 互動 答問 集體作業

Learning Commons is to facilitate all these to happen

Learning versus Study

MANTER AND

Learning Commons

By the same token ...

Learning Commons is not an end in itself!

Beyond Learning Commons

Learning is a matter of experience. 學習 重在經歷 Experiences beyond reading, beyond curriculum, beyond campus, beyond study!

Beyond Learning Commons

Leaning beyond Knowledge Implicit Learning!

culture, family, role models, peers

文化熏陶、家庭传承、教师楷模、朋辈影响 耳濡目染,潜移默化, The National Academics of SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE

CONSENSUS STUDY REPORT





Learners,

Contexts,

and

Cultures

Diversity in Learning Individuals and Memory Knowledge and Reasoning Culture of Learning Technology and Learning Age and Disabilities ••••

even in terms of space ...



Thank you!

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